

Insights on Foundations: Individual Philanthropy, the Family Office, & the Foundation

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Meet the Presenters



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Agenda

Individual Philanthropic Considerations

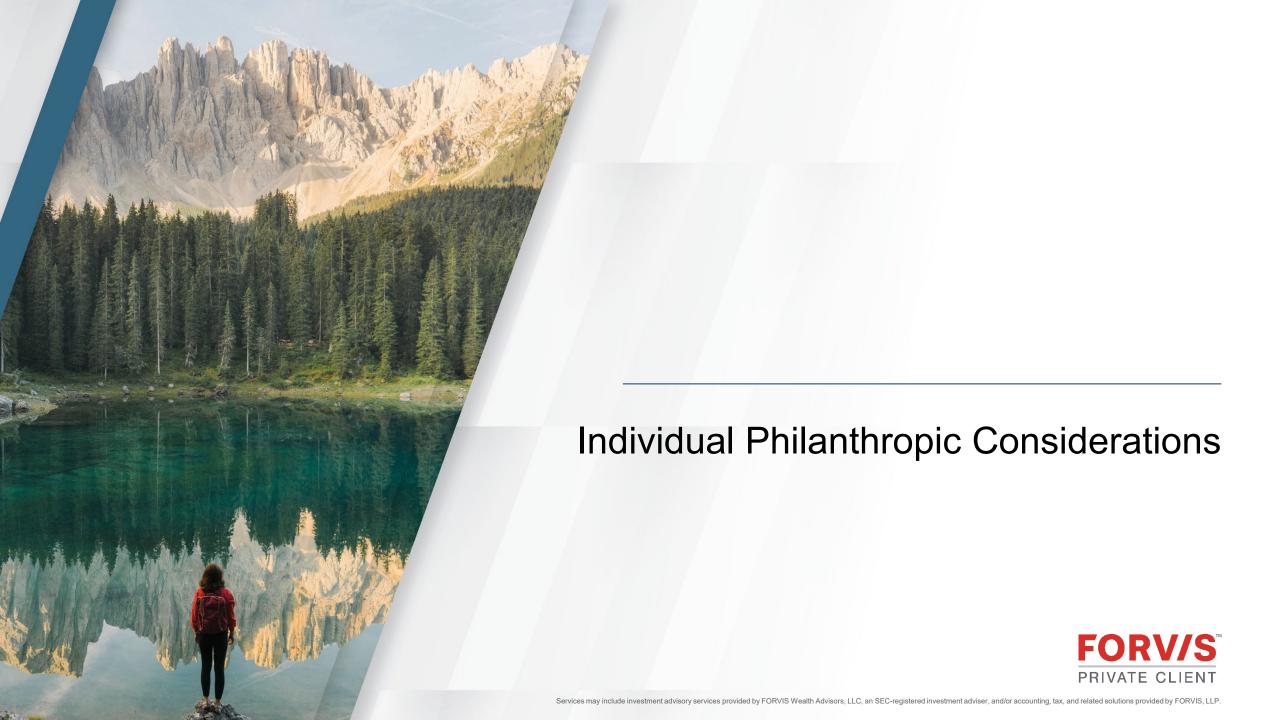
How Tax Strategies Fit In

Case Studies

Family Office & Foundation Coordination







Think of giving not as a duty, but as a privilege.

John D. Rockefeller Jr.



- What is the individual/family approach?
 - Consider mission & values
 - Consider time horizon: sunsetting vs. perpetual
- A mission statement that identifies values/sectors that are most important can be helpful
 - Consider generational differences in goals & focus areas
- How will philanthropy be funded?



- Is name recognition important?
 - The Smith Family Fund vs. The Smith Family Foundation
 - Privacy concerns for the individual donors
- Who should handle administration of the giving?
 - Family member or outside director
 - Is there interest in board service?
 - How to plan for generational transition



- Vision for Giving Opportunities
 - Grants to individuals, foreign charities, non-charitable organizations
 - Consistency in giving
- Sheltering income/double capital gains benefit



- Private Foundation prohibited transactions & self dealing
 - Complex set of rules
 - Require careful oversight
 - Penalties can attach to individual board members if excise taxes apply
 - Regulatory requirements & recordkeeping requirements
 - Trusted Advisors should be at the table



- Donor-Advised Funds may be a better fit for some donors
 - Smaller foundations can transition to DAFs
 - Understand individual motivations, goals, & appetite for oversight
 - Potential increased tax benefits



Private Foundation vs. DAF

	Private Foundation	DAF		
Legal title to contributed funds	Board of Directors/Trustees established by founder/s	Sponsoring Organization		
Fiduciary responsibility for funds	Foundation Board of Directors/Trustees	Sponsoring Organization		
Grants and allocations	Foundation has full control to authorize and direct distributions	Donor makes recommendations/advises		
Investments	Foundation has full control	Donor has advisory privileges or is often permitted to select from a portfolio managed by the sponsoring organization		



Private Foundation vs. DAF

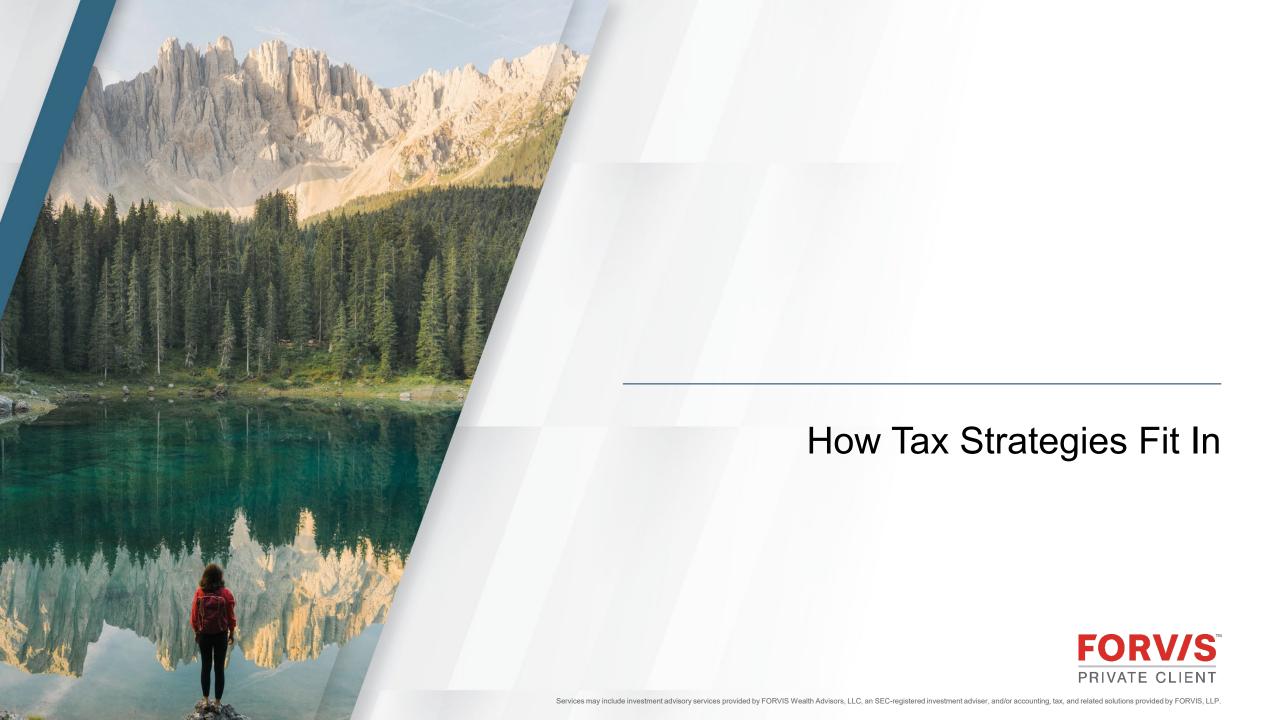
Grantmaking						
Private Foundation DAF						
Grantmaking	May make grants to recognized 501(c)(3) organizations and, after meeting additional IRS requirements, to individuals through scholarships, fellowships, and direct assistance to those in need; to international organizations; and to other nonprofit and for-profit entities	Giving is generally limited by the sponsoring organization to recognized 501(c)(3) public charities				
Direct program operations	May conduct and participate in charitable programs and may provide direct charitable services	Generally not permitted				



Private Foundation vs. DAF

Annual Compliance						
	DAF					
Required minimum distributions for charitable purposes	5% of average net assets	None				
Excise Tax	1.39% of net investment income	None				
Reporting	Tax Return - Form 990-PF	None for donor; sponsoring organization files Form 990 reporting all DAFs and funds it holds				
Disclosure of assets, contributors and grants	Required on Form 990-PF	Not required				





If you want to do something for your children & show how much you love them, the single best thing—by far—is to support organizations that will create a better world for them & their children.

Michael Bloomberg



Vehicles for Philanthropy

- Cash/Non-Cash Gifts to a Public Charity
- Gifts to a Donor-Advised Fund (DAF)
- Private Family Foundation
- Charitable Remainder Trusts
 - CRATS
 - CRUTS



Tax & Estate Planning Considerations

- Funding Strategies
 - Cash vs. non-cash
 - Business interests or other non-traditional assets
- Timing of funding lifetime gifts vs. estate gifts
 - Naming a charity as the beneficiary of an IRA
- Charitable Remainder Trust allows income stream during donor/beneficiary's lifetime



Charitable Contribution Deduction

Tax Deductibility of Contributions					
	Private Foundation	DAF/Public Charity			
Cash	Up to maximum of 30% of Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)	Up to maximum of 60% of AGI			
Publicly Traded Securities	Up to 20% of AGI	Up to 30% of AGI			
Closely-held stock, real property, and most other tangible items	Up to 20% of AGI (at cost basis)	Up to 30% of AGI (at fair market value)			



Tax Deductibility for Gifts

- Assume AGI of \$300,000
- What is the charitable deduction amount?

	Public Charity	DAF	Family Foundation
\$250,000 Cash Gift	180,000	180,000	90,000
\$250,000 Non-Cash Gift (Publicly Traded Securities)	90,000	90,000	60,000



Tax Impact for Gifts

Assume AGI of \$1,000,000

	Public Charity	DAF	Family Foundation	
\$250,000 Cash Gift	250,000	250,000	250,000	



Tax & Estate Planning Considerations

- Estate Planning Gifts
 - In 2023 the estate & gift tax exemption is \$12.92M
 - Unlimited charitable deduction for gifts made from an estate to charities
 - Philanthropy can play a key role in minimizing estate taxes for heirs – but make sure the charitable intent is there



To give away money is an easy matter & in any man's power. But to decide to whom to give it & how large & when, & for what purpose & how, is neither in every man's power nor an easy matter.

Aristotle





Case Studies

- Two high-net worth individuals
 - Charitable intent in both cases
 - Tax mitigation is a motivator
 - Different types of assets



Case Study One

- Donor experienced a personal windfall due to sale of business
 - Concern with mitigating income tax
- Personal/community connections passion aligned with donor's
- Community focus on philanthropy drives synergy around accomplishing goals
- Alignment with business ventures
- Established Private Family Foundation
 - Primarily with cash donations



Case Study One

- \$40,000,000 AGI
 - Initial funding of Family Foundation of \$500,000
 - Additional large gifts to be made in subsequent tax years
 - Estate planning comes into play as well



Case Study Two

- Donor looking to divest of business assets
 - Tax mitigation
 - Philanthropy through Private Foundation
- Considered gift of business interest
 - UBI concerns
 - Excess Business Holdings unless 100% of business donated
- Donor chose to make a gift to a DAF



Case Study Two

- Real property (building) valued at \$12,000,000
 - Selling the building/donating proceeds
 - Donating the building outright to a charity
- Multiple family members impacted by tax savings
- Amount received by the charity was a consideration



Case Study Two

Potential Gift Options						
		Family		Taxes		Charity
No charitable gift	\$	9,660,000	\$	2,340,000	\$	-
Sell/Donate Proceeds	\$	3,164,000	\$	(823,000)	\$	9,660,000
Donate 100% of Property Interest	\$	3,930,000	\$	(3,930,000)	\$	12,000,000



Writing a check separates a commitment from a conversation.

- Warren Buffett





Family Office & Foundation Coordination

- Consider when a Family Office or Foundation may be the best fit
 - Does it make sense to have both?
 - Hybrid approaches can offer flexibility for philanthropy & for-profit activities that are complimentary
- Financial Interests or Philanthropic Legacy
- Setting holistic goals across entities
- Can allow cost sharing & investment synergies



Family Office & Foundation Coordination

- Proper design & planning can allow cost-sharing & maintain compliance with self-dealing rules for Foundations
 - Payments are made directly to shared employees or third-party vendors & not to the disqualified persons
 - Compensation is reasonable & for personal services
 - Payments for shared space or office equipment are proportionate to usage & records are kept
 - All actions are exclusively to carry out the foundation's exempt purpose under §501(c)(3)





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